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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/688,900	10/21/2003	Jerome Daviot	60937-0172-US	3765
9629	7590 04/12/2005		EXAMINER	
MORGAN LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 1111 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE NW			AHMED, SHAMIM	
	STON, DC 20004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1765	
			DATE MAILED, 04/12/2001	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·		Application No.	Applicant(s)	<u>I</u>			
		10/688,900	DAVIOT ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Shamim Ahmed	1765				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	lress			
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a rep within the statutory minimum of thirty vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this con NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nmunication.			
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 A</u>	<u>oril 2005</u> .					
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3)[Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-31 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
	☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
-	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			R 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 LLS C. 8:	119(a)-(d) or (f)				
_	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 55 0.0.0. §	113(a)-(u) 01 (1).				
٣/١	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		nlication No				
	3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior			`togo			
			sceived iii tiiis National S	лауе			
* 5	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
	and analysis detailed office action for a list	or the contined copies not re	JOGIV GU.				
Attachmen	t(c)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Su	mmany (PTO-412)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/	Mail Date				
3) 🔲 Inforr	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		ormal Patent Application (PTO-	152)			
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- 1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.
- 2. In the following rejections, the limitation under the heading or "optionally" is not given patentable weight because they are optional to be present in the composition.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 1-13, 17-23 and 24 -28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leon et al (6,030,932) in view of Gogg et al (6,686,297).

Leon et al disclose a cleaning composition comprises water, alkaline compound such as hydroxylamine or quaternary ammonium hydroxide, a fluorine-containing compound such as ammonium bi fluoride (col.4, lines 31-59 and col.5, lines 25-27).

Leon et al also teach that controlling of pH in the range of 2-9 is critical (col.5, lines 13-21 and col.6, liens 30-35).

Leon et al fail to disclose that the composition comprises phosphoric acid.

However, in a cleaning composition, Gogg et al teach that additives such as phosphoric acid can be added for adjusting pH to a desired value of the cleaning liquid and thereby increasing the effectiveness of the cleaning or treatment liquid (col.3, lines 51-57).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of claimed invention to modify Leon et al with Gogg et al by introducing phosphoric acid in order to efficiently controlling or adjusting the pH of the cleaning composition for increasing the effectiveness of the cleaning composition as taught by Gogg et al.

As to claim 2, Leon et al teach that the pH of the composition is maintained in the range of 2-6 (col.5, lines 13-21).

As to claims 7-9, Leon et al teach that the cleaning composition also includes other acid compounds such as lactic acid as corrosion inhibitor, wherein the corrosion inhibitor content is in minor amount (col.6, lines 5-11).

As to claims 10-11, Leon et al teach that the composition also comprises fluoride —containing compound such as ammonium bi fluoride of about 0.5 to 10% by weight (col.4, lines 50-59).

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As to claims 17-23, it would have been obvious choice to one of ordinary skilled in the art that the cleaning composition will include or exclude the claimed constituents depending on the types of residue to be cleaned.

As to claims 24, 25,27, Leon et al teach that the concentration of hydroxylamine is in the range of 0.1% to 10% (col.5, lines 45-48) and the composition may include a quaternary ammonium hydroxide (col.6, line s13-18).

Leon et al fail to disclose the exact concentration of the claimed compounds but it would have been obvious to optimize as the optimization of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art.

6. Claims 1-5,7-8,14 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herdt (6,121,219).

Herdt disclose an aqueous cleaning composition comprises a mine or a quarternary ammonium compound, phosphoric acid, or in combination of organic acid of citric acid, surfactant and organic solvent with a pH ranging 1-5(col.2, lines 35-55, col.3, lines 7-36, col.7, lines 21-31 and col.7, line 63-col.8, line 10).

7. Claims 1,14-16,24-25 and 30-31rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Skee (6,599,370).

Skee discloses a composition for cleaning microelectronic substrate, wherein the composition comprises water, suitable bases such as a quarternary ammonium hydroxide or organic amines (alkanoamines), surfactants (col.9, lines 17-25), organic

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solvent (col.9, lines 1-15) and phosphoric acid (col.6, lines 26-28, lines 41-col.7, lines 20 and lines 34-40).

Skee also discloses that phosphoric acid is in the range of 0.1-about 3.0% by weight in combination of a quarternary ammonium hydroxide such as tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide (TMAH) (col.10, lines 5-10).

8. Claims 30-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Skee (6,465,403).

Skee discloses a composition for cleaning microelectronic substrate, wherein the composition comprises water, suitable bases such as a quarternary ammonium hydroxide or organic amines (alkanoamines), surfactants (col.6, lines 29-col.7, lines 65) and phosphoric acid and furthermore, oxalic acid dehydrate may be added to th ecomposition (col.48, lines 15-24).

9. Claims 1 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Darmon et al (5,262,285).

Darmon et al teach a composition comprises about 5 to 300 g/l of phosphoric acid, about 1 to about 100 g/l of hydroxyl amine and balance of water (see abstract).

Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Vaartstra (6,149,828) discloses the use of combination of phosphoric acid and TMAH in a cleaning composition.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shamim Ahmed whose telephone number is (571) 272-1457. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thu (7:00-5:30) Every Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nadine G. Norton can be reached on (571) 272-1465. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Shamim Ahmed Primary Examiner Art Unit 1765

SA April 10, 2005